

Learner Name	
ID Number	
Organisation	

# FORMATIVE ASSESSMENT: LEARNER WORK FILE VERSION 1

Unit Standard Title: Demonstrate knowledge and insight of

the Financial Advisory and Intermediary

Services Act (FAIS) (Act 37 of 2002)

Unit Standard No: 12164

Unit Standard Credits: 2

NQF Level: 4

#### Mark information:

Specific Outcome/Section	1	2	3	4	5	Total	%	C/NYC
Maximum marks	41	45	34	29	10	159	100	

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# **Formative Activities**

Note: Where Group Work is not possible, please complete the activities individually.

Section 1: 41 marks

**Activity 1** 

Explain in your own words the need for the FAIS legislation. Make reference to the history of the legislation in your discussion. (8)



## **Activity 2**

Make a note of at least 3 (three) examples of legislation (which relate to the core function of your business – i.e. Short Term Insurance Sales Advisor) to which you have to comply within your environment.

Then list the purpose of the legislation you have noted and what it aims to achieve. Lastly, note whether the legislation is generic or specific to your industry.

(You may have to speak to the Compliance or Legal Division of your organisation to get this information.) (9)

LEGISLATION	PURPOSE AND AIM	GENERIC/SPECIFIC

Activity 3
List 3 words/terms typically used in the legislation and explain each one listed in
context. $(3 \times 2 = 6)$
Activity 4
Explain the concept of a Financial Services Provider in your own words and give two
different examples of FSP's that you are familiar with. (2)
Activity 5
Explain the term Financial Product and give an example of a product in each of the 4
different categories. (6)

# **Activity 6**

Complete the answers to the questions in the table below with reference to consumer protection. (4)

Who is protected by FAIS?	Why was there a need for this protection?
Who is governed by the FAIS legislation?	How will consumers be protected?
	How will consumers be protected?
	How will consumers be protected?

# **Activity 7**

Write short no	tes on the	relatio	<mark>n</mark> ship	betwe <mark>er</mark>	the	differer	nt role	-playe	ers in	the
industry. Illus	trate your	di <mark>scus</mark> :	sion by	/ using	a d	iagram	based	on	your	own
organisation if p	ossible, or i	f not, c	Iraw a 🤉	generic	diagra	am illust	rating t	the rel	ation	ship.

	(6)

Section 2: 45 marks Activity 8 CASE STUDY Read through the short case studies below are regarded as Representatives	below. Indicate whether the persons
reasoning. Also identify at least one a	
apply to each of the FSP's with reasons	. (9)
	okers. On Monday Mrs Van Aswegen calls y to her medical aid via Explore Medical cal Scheme requesting them to do so. (3)
Regarded as a Representative in terms of the Act	
Your reasons for the above choice	
Discuss an additional piece of legislation that would apply to this FSP, and why	

#### Case Study 2:

Sureshnee is a receptionist at DST Brokers. As it is a small brokerage, she usually helps out in all aspects of the business when the owner /Key Individual is not in the office. On Thursday afternoon Mr Stakemire calls in to enquire whether cover can be arranged on a new car he is taking delivery of that afternoon. She asks whether the vehicle is being financed and then recommends that he takes comprehensive cover on the vehicle, and sends a letter confirming cover to the dealer.

(3)

Regarded as a Representative in terms of the Act	
Your reasons for the above choice	
Discuss an additional piece of legislation that would apply to this FSP, and why	

# Case Study 3:

Sibusiso does not have matric and is appointed by a Funeral Parlour to assist with the administration of funeral policies, including claims. He assists clients in the completion of application forms, explains the process to take out a policy, the documents that will be required at claims stage and hands out promotional material.

(3)

Regarded as a Representative in terms of		
the Act		
Your reasons for the above choice		

Discuss an additional piece of legislation that would apply to this FSP, and why	
Activity 9	
	d as per the Fit and Proper Determination,
with a brief summary of what each requirer	
1.	2.
3.	4.
Activity 10  Briefly explain the relationship between the second	

Activity 11	
Explain in your own words what you understand from the concept "natural person"	as
	(2)
dominad in the 17the regionation.	. <del>-</del> /
Activity 12	
Activity 12	
Explain, using your own words, the exemptions that are possible in terms of	the
legislation.	(5)
	/

# **Activity 13**

# **Group work**

The Act has made provision for instances under which the license of an FSP may be suspended or withdrawn and when a debarred representative may be reinstated, depending on a variety of criteria.

Discuss in detail what you understand from the aspects in the table below: (12)

Suspension of license (5)
Discuss the process to be followed by the Registrar and how the FSP could
respond.
Withdrawal of license (2)
What are the grounds for withdrawing a license from a Financial Services Provider?
What are the grounds for withdrawing a nochise from a r mandar services r royacr:
Reappointment of debarred representatives
What is the minimum number of months after being debarred that the
representative can apply for reappointment? (1)
2. What are the four minimum requirements that a debarred representative
would have to meet in order to be reappointed? (4)

Activity 14
Briefly explain the role of recognised industry bodies in licensing and compliance
with reference to the process of licensing and approval of compliance officers. (7)
Section 3: 34 marks
Activity 15
Discuss the disclosure rules for a sub sector of the financial services industry in your
own words. Please note the sub sector you are referring to. You could also include
a copy of the statutory disclosure document in your portfolio. (6)

Activity 16
Briefly explain the importance of timing and the extent of disclosure and give an
indication of the implications if disclosures are not made timeously. (6)
Activity 17
Analyse the code of conduct for a selected sub sector of the financial services sector
and give an indication of what proof is required as evidence of compliance. (1)
Activity 19
Activity 18  Briefly explain the requirements regarding record keeping with reference to what
records should be kept and for how long different records should be maintained in
terms of legislation. (5)
terms or registation.

Activity 20  Research 3 (three) products offered by your organisation currently. Analyse the products in terms of the requirements of disclosure as required by legislation. Write a report on your analysis and comparison and attach any documentary proof of the product information to your Portfolio of Evidence as evidence.  (5)		
Activity 20  Research 3 (three) products offered by your organisation currently. Analyse the products in terms of the requirements of disclosure as required by legislation. Write a report on your analysis and comparison and attach any documentary proof of the	Investigate the compliance provisions made by your organisation. Evaluate t	hese
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	products in terms of the requirements of disclosure as required by legislation. Variety are port on your analysis and comparison and attach any documentary proof of	Write of the

Activity 21
Briefly explain the effect of disclosure requirements on commission with reference to
a line of business and a specific policy/product from your workplace. (2)
Activity 22
Briefly explain the concept of commission deregulation and give an indication of the
effect that this will have on brokers and other intermediaries. (4)
Section 4: 29 marks
Activity 23
List 4 roles and functions of the Registrar as per the FAIS legislation. (4)

Activ	rity 24
24.1	What can the registrar apply to court for when a person has contravened or
	not complied with any provision of FAIS? (1)
24.2	List the 4 payment amounts that the registrar may institute action for, against
	any person who has contravened or not complied with any provision of FAIS.
	(4)
	(')
04.0	NATIon and report the appropriate report and but the propriet are be demonstrated (2).
24.3	Where must the amount recovered by the registrar be deposited? (1)
24.4	What happens to the amount referred to in 24.3 above if it is not claimed
	within 3 years? (1)
24.5	What is the registrar's prerogative with regard to the civil proceeding instituted
	under section 33? (1)

Activity 25	
Briefly describe the role of the various industry bodies in relation to standard setting	
for FAIS. (6)	_
Activity 26	
Indicate the remedies available to the industry and avenues for reinstatement for an	
organisation. (4)	
(1)	1
	1
	1
Activity 27	1
Briefly list or explain the role and functions of the FAIS Ombud as envisaged in the	
legislation. (7)	
	1

Section 5: 10 marks
Activity 28
Explain the role, powers and duties of the courts as stipulated in the FAIS Act with
regards to individual clients. (5)
Activity 29
Give a summary of how comp <mark>laints are</mark> handled by the industry with reference to the
FSB directives. (5)





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## SOUTH AFRICAN QUALIFICATIONS AUTHORITY

## REGISTERED UNIT STANDARD THAT HAS PASSED THE END DATE:

Demonstrate knowledge and insight of the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act (FAIS) (Act 37 of 2002)

SAQA US ID	UNIT STANDARD TITLE						
12164		nowledge and insight of the Financial Advisory and services Act (FAIS) (Act 37 of 2002)					
ORIGINA'	TOR	ORIGINATING PROVIDER					
SGB Financ	cial Services						
QUALITY	QUALITY ASSURING BODY						
-	-						
FIELD			SUBFIELD				
Field 03 - B Managemen	Business, Communt Studies	erce and	Finance, Economics and Accounting				
ABET BAND	UNIT STANDARD TYPE	OLD NQF LEVEL	NEW NQF LEVEL	CREDITS			
Undefined	Regular	Level 4	NQF Level 04	2			
REGISTRATION STATUS		REGISTRATION START DATE	REGISTRATION END DATE	SAQA DECISION NUMBER			
Passed the End Date - Status was "Reregistered"		2004-12-02	2006-11-16	SAQA 1657/04			
	LAST DATE FOR ACHIEVEMENT ENROLMENT						
2007-11-16		2010-11-16					

In all of the tables in this document, both the old and the new NQF Levels are shown. In the text (purpose statements, qualification rules, etc), any reference to NQF Levels are to the old levels unless specifically stated otherwise.

This unit standard is replaced by:

US ID	Unit Standard Title	Old NQF Level	New NQF Level	Credits	Replacement Status
242584	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act 2002 (FAIS) (Act 37	Level	NQF Level 04	2	Complete

of 2002) as it impacts on a specific		
financial services sub-sector		

#### PURPOSE OF THE UNIT STANDARD

This unit standard is intended for learners who give financial advice.

The qualifying learner is capable of:

□ Explaining the purpose of the Financial Advisors and Intermediaries Services` legislation (FAIS).

□ Describing the authorisation process.

□ Applying disclosure and conduct requirements to a selected sub sector.

□ Explaining the mechanisms for enforcement and the implications for the intermediary and the industry.

□ Explaining the rights of recourse available to aggrieved clients.

# LEARNING ASSUMED TO BE IN PLACE AND RECOGNITION OF PRIOR LEARNING

There is open access to this unit standard. Learners should be competent in communication and Mathematical Literacy at Level 3.

#### UNIT STANDARD RANGE

The typical scope of this unit standard is:

☐ The Financial Advisors` and Intermediaries Services` legislation.

# **Specific Outcomes and Assessment Criteria:**

#### **SPECIFIC OUTCOME 1**

Explain the purpose of the Intermediaries Services' (FAIS) legislation.

#### ASSESSMENT CRITERIA

#### ASSESSMENT CRITERION 1

1. The need for the FAIS legislation is explained with reference to the history of the legislation.

#### ASSESSMENT CRITERION 2

2. The problems of different legislation applying to different sectors of the industry are analysed and an indication is given of how FAIS will address these problems.

#### **ASSESSMENT CRITERION 3**

3. Terminology used in the legislation is explained in own words and used appropriately in context.

4. The concept of a financial services provider is explained in own words in at least two different ways.

#### ASSESSMENT CRITERION 5

5. The term financial product is explained and an example is given of products in each category.

#### ASSESSMENT CRITERION 6

6. Measures for consumer protection are explained as contained in the legislation.

#### **ASSESSMENT CRITERION 7**

7. The relationship between different players in the industry is explained and illustrated diagramatically with reference to a particular organisation.

#### **SPECIFIC OUTCOME 2**

Describe the authorisation process.

#### **ASSESSMENT CRITERIA**

#### **ASSESSMENT CRITERION 1**

1. Career paths affected by FAIS are identified and requirements for licensing by the Financial Services Board are indicated for three different career paths.

#### **ASSESSMENT CRITERION 2**

2. Additional legislation applicable to the three selected career paths is named and an indication is given as to why FAIS and the named legislation control each career path.

#### ASSESSMENT CRITERION 3

3. An indication is given of the minimum requirements needed to be licensed in own situation.

#### ASSESSMENT CRITERION 4

4. The relationship between Financial Services Providers and representatives is described as envisaged in the legislation.

#### **ASSESSMENT CRITERION 5**

5. The concept of a natural person is explained as defined in the FAIS legislation.

#### **ASSESSMENT CRITERION 6**

6. Interrelationships between Financial Service Providers are described in terms of co-responsibility.

7. Exemptions that are possible in terms of the legislation are named and identified in case studies.

#### **ASSESSMENT CRITERION 8**

9. Conditions under which suspensions, withdrawals and reinstatement of authorisation may be imposed are listed with examples.

#### **ASSESSMENT CRITERION 9**

8. The role of recognised industry bodies in licensing and compliance is explained with reference to the process of licensing and approval of compliance officers.

#### **SPECIFIC OUTCOME 3**

Apply disclosure and conduct requirements to a selected sub sector.

#### ASSESSMENT CRITERIA

#### ASSESSMENT CRITERION 1

1. The disclosure rules are interpreted for a sub sector of the financial services industry.

#### **ASSESSMENT CRITERION 2**

2. The importance of timing and extent of disclosure is explained and an indication given of the implications if disclosure is not made timeously.

#### ASSESSMENT CRITERION 3

3. The code of conduct for a selected sub sector of the Financial Services sector is outlined and an indication is given of what proof is required as evidence of compliance.

#### ASSESSMENT CRITERION 4

4. Requirements regarding record keeping are indicated with reference to what records should be kept and for how long different records should be maintained in terms of the legislation.

#### **ASSESSMENT CRITERION 5**

5. Compliance provisions made by an organisation are investigated, evaluated and findings are presented in a report.

#### **ASSESSMENT CRITERION 6**

6. The requirements of disclosure required by legislation are demonstrated for three selected products.

7. The effect of disclosure requirements on commission is explained with reference to a line of business and a specific policy/product.

#### **ASSESSMENT CRITERION 8**

8. The concept of commission deregulation is explained and an indication given of the effect that this will have on brokers and other intermediaries.

#### **SPECIFIC OUTCOME 4**

Explain the mechanisms for enforcement and the implications for the intermediary and the industry.

#### **ASSESSMENT CRITERIA**

#### **ASSESSMENT CRITERION 1**

1. The role and functions of the Registrar are explained as envisaged in the legislation.

#### **ASSESSMENT CRITERION 2**

3. The consequences of non-compliance are explained with reference to steps that the Registrar could take in cases of non compliance.

#### **ASSESSMENT CRITERION 3**

4. The role of the various industry bodies is described in relation to standard setting for FAIS.

## ASSESSMENT CRITERION 4

6. The role, duties and powers of the courts are described in terms of judgements against organisations and redress through the courts.

#### ASSESSMENT CRITERION 5

5. Remedies available to the industry and avenues for reinstatement are indicated for an organisation.

#### ASSESSMENT CRITERION 6

2. The role and functions of the FAIS Ombuds are explained as envisaged in the legislation.

#### **SPECIFIC OUTCOME 5**

Explain the rights of recourse available to aggrieved clients.

#### ASSESSMENT CRITERIA

1. The role, powers and duties of the Ombudsman are explained as they apply to individual clients.

#### **ASSESSMENT CRITERION 2**

2. The role, powers and duties of the Registrar are explained as they apply to individual clients.

#### **ASSESSMENT CRITERION 3**

3. The role, powers and duties of the courts are explained as they apply to individual clients.

#### **ASSESSMENT CRITERION 4**

4. The manner in which complaints are handled by the industry is investigated with reference to Financial Services Board directives.

#### UNIT STANDARD ACCREDITATION AND MODERATION OPTIONS

This unit standard will be internally assessed by the provider and moderated by a moderator registered by INSQA or a relevant accredited ETQA. The mechanisms and requirements for moderation are contained in the document obtainable from INSQA, INSQA framework for assessment and moderation.

#### UNIT STANDARD ESSENTIAL EMBEDDED KNOWLEDGE

N/A

#### UNIT STANDARD DEVELOPMENTAL OUTCOME

N/A

#### UNIT STANDARD LINKAGES

N/A

## **Critical Cross-field Outcomes (CCFO):**

## UNIT STANDARD CCFO ORGANISING

Learners are able to organise and manage themselves effectively in applying disclosure and conduct requirements.

## UNIT STANDARD CCFO COLLECTING

Learners can collect, organise and critically evaluate information in analysing FAIS legislation and its effect on a sub sector.

#### UNIT STANDARD CCFO COMMUNICATING

Learners can communicate effectively using visual, mathematics and language skills to explain aspects of the legislation, write reports and illustrate concepts graphically.

#### UNIT STANDARD CCFO DEMONSTRATING

Learners are able to demonstrate an understanding of the world as a set of related systems when explaining the implications of non-compliance, and the need for legislation to regulate the industry.

#### UNIT STANDARD CCFO CONTRIBUTING

Learners are able to act as responsible citizens in the organisation and local community by understanding the mechanisms for enforcement and the implications for the intermediary and the industry.

Explore education and career opportunities in indicating the requirements for licensing.

Participate as a responsible citizen in the life of local and national communities by knowing and applying disclosure and conduct requirements.

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